Somerset - Pulaski County Airport Board

Audited Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

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EVANS, HARVILLE, ATWELL COMPANY, CPAs, PLLC

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Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Delynn Gibson, Somerset-Pulaski County Airport Board Chairman Members of the Somerset-Pulaski County Airport Board Members of the Pulaski County Fiscal Court

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Somerset - Pulaski County Airport Board (Airport Board), a component unit of the Pulaski County Fiscal Court, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Airport Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Airport Board as of June 30, 2015, the changes in financial position, and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2015, on our consideration of the Airport Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Airport Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Evans, Harville, Atwell & Company, CPAs, PLLC

December 15, 2015

Somerset - Pulaski County Airport Board Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Assets

Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 83,321
Restricted cash	79,006
Accounts receivable	20,052
Inventories	31,395
Total current assets	213,774
Noncurrent assets	
Nondepreciable capital assets	3,367,808
Depreciable capital assets, net	11,465,054
Total noncurrent assets	14,832,862
Total Assets	\$ 15,046,636
Liabilities and Net Position	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 97,650
Accrued expenses	6,580
Current portion of financing obligations	20,000
Total current liabilities	124,230
Noncurrent liabilities	
Lease Payable	590,000
Line of Credit	75,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	665,000
•	
Total liabilities	789,230
Net position	
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	14,737,862
Restricted	79,006
Unrestricted	(559,462)
Total net position	14,257,406
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 15,046,636

Somerset - Pulaski County Airport Board Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Operating revenues	
Gasoline	\$ 337,076
Hanger rent	132,106
Other income	17,724
Other rent	17,475
Total operating revenues	504,381
Operating expenses	462.559
Depreciation	462,558
Cost of sales	266,097
Facilities maintenance	181,143
Payroll	110,651 70,185
Insurance	51,333
Utilities	50,434
Legal and accounting	29,482
Miscellaneous	10,728
Auto expenses	13,562
Telephone	9,030
Payroll taxes	1,418
Office supplies	1,256,621
Total operating expenses	1,230,021
Operating income (loss)	(752,240)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	170 004
Contributions	158,284
Grants	121,978
Interest expense	(17,245)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	263,017
Change in net position	(489,223)
Net position, beginning of year	14,746,629
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ 14,257,406</u>

Somerset - Pulaski County Airport Board Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Cash flows from operating activities	
Cash receipts from customers	\$ 534,891
Cash payments for goods and services	(229,897)
Cash payments for operating expenses	(337,793)
Cash payments for personnel expenses	(187,864)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(220,663)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities	
Proceeds from contributions	158,284
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	158,284
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities	
Proceeds from financing obligations	-
Cash received from capital grant	121,978
Acquisition of capital assets	(403,814)
Debt service principal payments	-
Debt service interest	(17,245)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(299,081)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(361,460)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	523,787
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 162,327</u>
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash	
provided (used) by operating activities	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (752,240)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities	
Depreciation	462,558
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	13,671
(Increase) decrease in inventories	16,839
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable	36,324
(Decrease) increase in accrued expenses	2,185
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$ (220,663)</u>

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The Airport Board presents its financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurements focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. All assets and liabilities are recognized on the Statement of Net Position. Revenues are recorded when earned and liabilities are recorded when incurred, regardless of timing of cash. Therefore, deferred revenues are only reported for receipts and prepayments or revenues collected in advance.

B. Reporting Entity

The Somerset Pulaski County Airport Board is a component unit of the Pulaski County Fiscal Court. The financial statements of the Airport Board include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the Airport Board is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the Airport Board is financially accountable or the organization's exclusion would cause the Airport Board's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government. All other component units are discretely presented. The Airport Board has no component units.

C. Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories: 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net position - resulting from constraints placed on net position by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net position - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net position or invested in capital assets.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Financial Statements (Continued)

The accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position reports revenues and expenses as either operating or non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with the ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Airport Board are charges to customers for hangar and other rents and sales of aviation fuel.

Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, selling and administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All other revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents include both restricted and unrestricted cash and cash equivalents. Restricted cash consists of funds held for a construction project.

E. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist primarily of amounts due for credit fuel sales. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided as management considers all balances to be fully collectible.

F. Inventories

Inventories primarily consist of aviation fuel and logs for resale. Inventories are valued at average cost as of June 30, 2015. Average cost for all items is updated continuously in the Airport Board's software.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, building improvements, furniture, office equipment, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges), that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction in Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	Capitalization	Useful Life
	Threshold	(Years)
Land improvements	\$25,000	10-60
Buildings and building improvements	\$50,000	10-75
Machinery and equipment	\$5,000	3-25
Vehicles	\$5,000	3-25
Infrastructure	\$25,000	10-50

H. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

2. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the Airport Board's deposits may not be returned. The Airport Board does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. Certain bank accounts may exceed the federally insured limits from time to time. The Airport Board has not experienced losses in such accounts and believes they are not exposed to any significant credit risk. As of June 30, 2015, all \$164,206 of the Airport Board's bank balance was insured by the FDIC.

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Reporting Entity				
	Beginning			Ending	
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	
Business Type Activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 3,367,808	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,367,808	
Construction in progress	201,850		(201,850)		
Total capital assets not					
being depreciated	3,569,658	-	(201,850)	3,367,808	
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	4,562,013	605,664	-	5,167,677	
Other equipment	893,358	-	-	893,358	
Vehicles	346,687	-	-	346,687	
Infrastructure	9,801,182		-	9,801,182	
Total capital assets					
being depreciated	15,603,240	605,664		16,208,904	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(896,442)	(104,931)	-	(1,001,373)	
Other equipment	(294,103)	(41,490)	-	(335,593)	
Vehicles	(236,063)	(11,976)	-	(248,039)	
Infrastructure	(2,854,684)	(304,161)		(3,158,845)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,281,292)	(462,558)	•	(4,743,850)	
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated, net	11,321,948	143,106	_ _	11,465,054	
Government activities capital					
assets, net	\$ 14,891,606	\$ 143,106	\$ (201,850)	\$ 14,832,862	

The Airport Board began construction on a new T-Hanger during the fiscal year June 30, 2014. The T-Hanger was completed during the fiscal year June 30, 2015 and placed in service on January 14, 2015. The total cost of the T-Hanger was \$572,476 which was fully funded with the capital lease as discussed in Note 4.

4. Long-Term Debt

A. Line of Credit - Terminal Remodel Project

On August 9, 2011, the Somerset-Pulaski County Airport Board entered into a loan agreement with a local non-profit organization for the purpose of remodeling the airport terminal. The line is for up to \$75,000 with a 0% interest rate for a period of ten years. Terms of the loan agreement specify that borrower may pay any amount at any time for the duration of the agreement. The principal balance as of June 30, 2015 was \$75,000, all of which is long-term debt. Future principal and interest have no set schedule.

	<u>P</u> 1	rincipal	Interest		
June 30, 2021	\$	75,000	\$	-	

B. Lease Payable

On April 24, 2014, the Somerset-Pulaski County Airport Board entered into a capital lease with a national bank for the purpose of financing the construction of a new T-Hanger. The lease is for \$610,000 with scheduled interest rates ranging from 3.75% to 6.00% for a period of 20 years. The lease agreement requires semi-annual payments of interest and annual payments of principal. The principal balance as of June 30, 2015 was \$610,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

		<u>Principal</u>		Interest	
	June 30, 2016	\$	20,000	\$ 34,100	
	June 30, 2017		20,000	33,320	
	June 30, 2018		20,000	32,540	
	June 30, 2019		20,000	31,760	
	June 30, 2020		25,000	30,726	
June 30, 2021 -	June 30, 2025		135,000	133,692	
June 30, 2026 -	June 30, 2030		180,000	89,401	
June 30, 2031 -	June 30, 2034		190,000	25,736	
		\$	610,000	\$ 411,275	

4. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

C. Changes In Long-Term Debt

Long-term liability debt for the year ended June 30, 2015, was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending	Due Within		
	Balance	Additions		Reductions		Balance One		ne Year
Financing Obligations	\$ 685,000	\$		\$	_	\$ 685,000	\$	20,000

5. Related Party Transactions

During fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the Airport Board had the following related party transactions:

Airport Board paid \$2,552 to a local business for plumbing and electrical supplies. The local business is owned by a board member.

Airport Board paid \$5,268 to a local business for service and maintenance of the airport security system. The local business is owned by a board member.

6. Restatement of Prior Year

The prior year has been restated to correct the balances in restricted cash, construction in progress and lease payable. The lease payable as described in Note 4 was understated at June 30, 2014 by \$481,181. There was a corresponding understatement of restricted cash of \$447,993 and an understatement of interest capitalized as construction in progress of \$33,188. This resulted in no changes to net position.

7. Subsequent Events

The Airport Board's management evaluated the period from June 30, 2015 to December 15, 2015 (the date the financial statements were ready to be issued) for items requiring recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. There was one event that occurred during the evaluation period that requires disclosure, and there were no events that require recognition in the financial statements.

The Airport Board began construction on a new T-Hanger after fiscal year June 30, 2015. The estimated cost of the project is \$603,850 not to exceed \$628,392 which will be funded 90% by federal grants and 7.5% by state grants. The remaining 2.5% of the total cost is the local share, which will be paid directly by the Airport Board.

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Honorable Delynn Gibson, Somerset-Pulaski County Airport Board Chairman Members of the Somerset-Pulaski County Airport Board Members of the Pulaski County Fiscal Court

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Somerset-Pulaski County Airport Board (Airport Board), a discretely presented component unit of the Pulaski County Fiscal Court, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2015.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Airport Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Airport Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Airport Board's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2012-01 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Airport Board's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Evans, Harville, Atwell & Company, CPAs, PLLC

December 15, 2015

Somerset - Pulaski County Airport Board Findings and Responses June 30, 2015

2012-01 Lack of Adequate Segregation of Duties (Material Weakness)

As result of our audit, we noted the Somerset - Pulaski County Airport Board has a lack of segregation of duties over all accounting functions. The airport manager is responsible for preparing invoices, collecting receipts, preparing and depositing the receipts, and posting to the ledgers. The manager also prepares, signs, and posts all disbursements including payroll.

Adequate segregation of duties would prevent the same person from having a significant role in the receiving and disbursing of funds, recording and reporting of those receipts and disbursements. Lack of segregation of duties increases the risk of misappropriation of assets, errors, and inaccurate financial reporting.

To protect the Airport Board against inaccurate financial reporting, we recommend separating the duties in preparing and disbursing of funds, recording transactions, and preparing checks. If segregation of duties is not possible, due to a limited number of staff, strong oversight should be provided over the person responsible for these duties. The person providing this oversight should document his or her review by initialing source documents.

Airport Board's Response: The airport cannot segregate duties due to budget constraints; however we feel that there are adequate compensating controls over all accounting functions.